

RAIN GARDENS

Building One In Your Yard

Why A Rain Garden?

Common construction practices are to move all the water off the roof and other impermeable surfaces on a property and into the storm water system for processing or directly into local waterways.

With an increase in developed land, the systems get overwhelmed. The rain water picks up pollutants on its way into the wastewater treatment and into our rivers and the Bay.

A rain garden will collect water and allow it to percolate on site, refilling the ground water and reducing the impact on current treatment systems and waterways as well as allowing nature to clean and filter the water as it percolates through the ground

Rain Garden collecting from a downspout, at installation



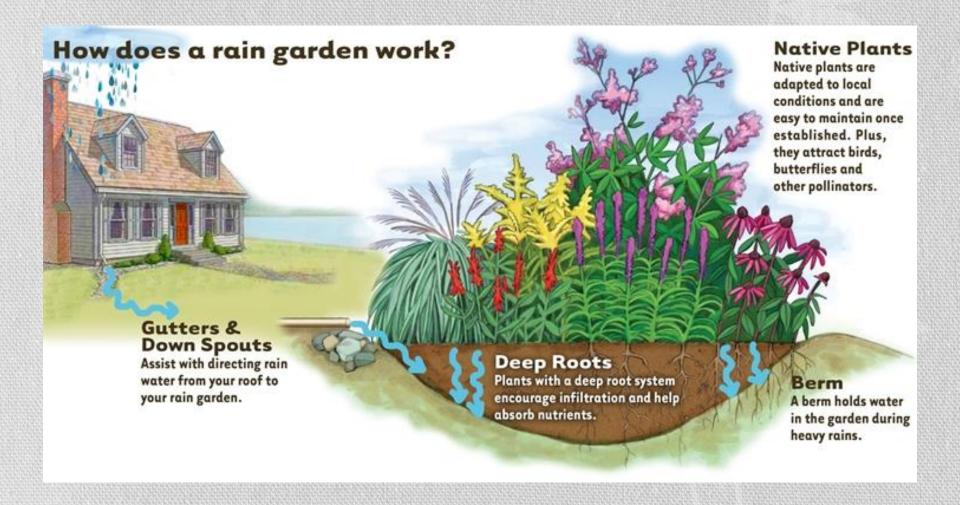
Rain Garden collecting from a downspout and lawn



Rain garden 2 months after installation



What is a Rain Garden?

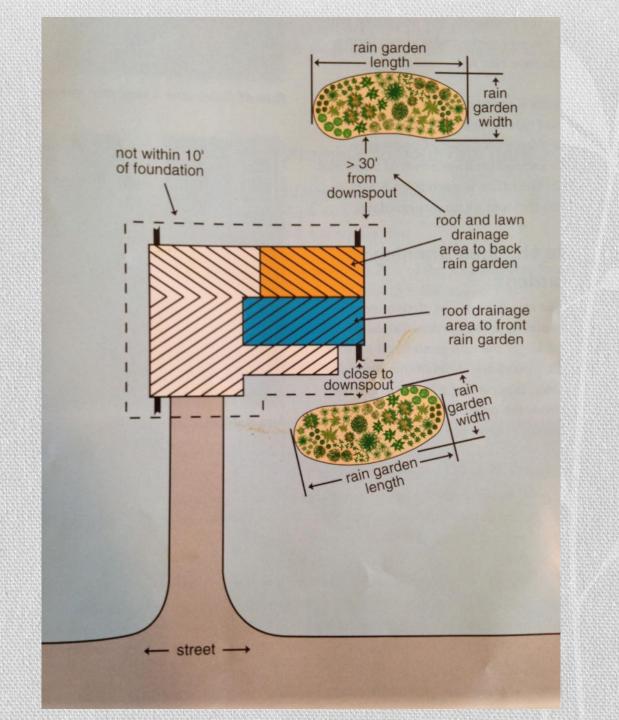


How Does a Rain Garden Work?



Where should I locate my Rain Garden?

- Locate in an area close to a downspout to redirect water from the downspout directly into the Rain Garden
- Locate in an area where you have significant water drainage on a regular basis- below a hill, near a sloped hardscape surface, such as a driveway
- Perhaps there is somewhere on your property that you have seen water running off the sidewalk or into storm drains? You may choose to locate a Rain Garden above that area to slow the flow



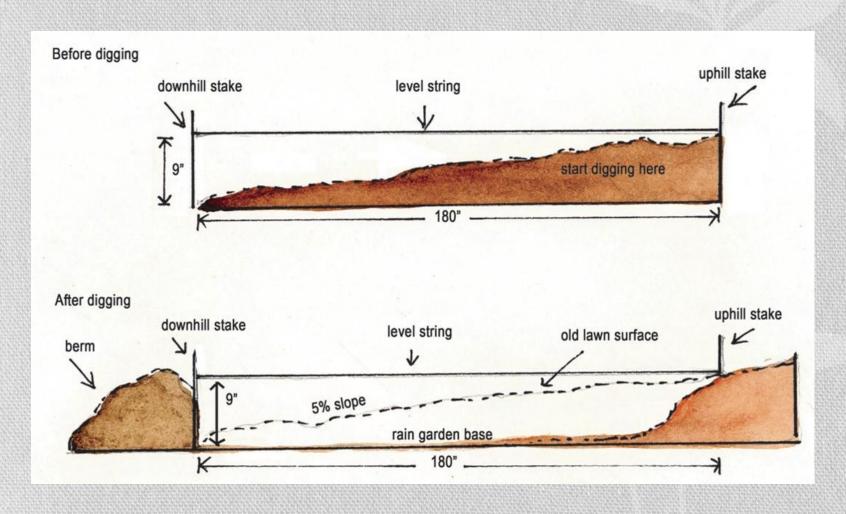
Determine Soil Type and Percolation Rate



Determine the Size of Your Rain Garden



Determine your slope and ponding depth



Determine the Size of Your Rain Garden

Determine Surface Area of your Rain Garden

You multiply your drainage area (in square feet) by the correct size factor for your soil type:

Size Factor for < 30ft from Downspout			
	5 inches	6-7 inches	8 inches
Sandy Soil	0.19	0.15	0.08
Silty Soil	0.34	0.25	0.16
Clay Soil	0.43	0.32	0.2

Size Factor for >30ft from Downspout		
Sandy Soil	0.03	
Silty Soil	0.06	
Clay Soil	0.1	

For example:

1000sq ft of drainage area in a clay soil greater than 30ft from the downspout with a 5% slope would need to be 1000sq ft x 0.10 = **A 100sq ft Rain Garden at 6-7 inches deep**

Determining the Length and Width of Your Rain Garden

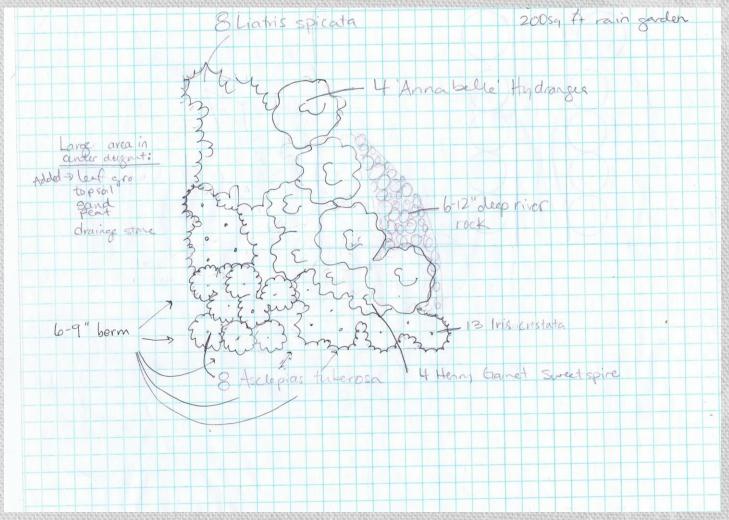
Generally, a Rain Garden that is longer than it is wide works well

250sq ft total rain garden area / 12 ft wide = 20 ft long

Selecting Plants for Your Rain Garden

- How many hours of direct sunlight will the plants in your Rain Garden receive?
- What sort of animals have been seen in your yard- who might eat your Rain Garden?
- What type of soil is your Rain Garden site made up of? Which plants thrive in this sort of soil?
- Select plants that are appropriate for your sun exposure and soil type- this is the step that really needs a lot of thinking, research and careful selection if you want your plants to thrive!
- Use our plant selection guide to help you out.

Sketching Your Rain Garden



Sketching Your Rain Garden

Some things to keep in mind while designing:

- Use a variety of plants to incorporate a variety of textures and different bloom times
- Clump a minimum of 3 of the same species of plants together so the garden looks more 'organized'
- Keep lower growing plants around the borders and taller plants in the middle

Sketching Your Rain Garden

- If there is a specific viewing location you will be looking at your rain garden from the most put the taller plants in the back of that location and smaller plants in the front
- You will want to mark on your sketch where the berm will be located and inflow and outflow areas for the water coming in to and leaving the rain garden.
- Sketch is a guideline
- Making your plant and materials list



Your Rain Garden

Your garden is designed to catch water from a 1 inch rain storm. For larger storms there will be overflow that will cause overfill for your Rain Garden. It's ok! At least some water is being caught and infiltrating into the ground for most rain storms.

You can find a variety of Rain Garden design templates at www.lowimpactdevelopment.org

Great plants for Rain Gardens: Sun Perennials

- Liatris spicata 'Kobold'- Gayfeather
- Asclepias tuberosa- Butterfly weed, Pleurisy root
- Asclepias incarnata- Swamp milkweed
- Eupatorium dubium 'Baby Joe' or 'Little Joe' or maculatum 'Gateway'- Joe pye weed
- Lobelia cardinalis- cardinal flower
- Solidago rugosa 'Fireworks' or shortii 'Solar Cascade'- Godenrod
- Echinacea purpurea 'Kim's Knee High'- Purple Coneflower
- Iris cristata- Dwarf crested iris
- Phlox stolonifera 'Sherwood Purple'- Creeping phlox
- Coreopsis rosea 'American Dream'- Tickseed



Great plants for Rain Gardens: Shade Perennials

- Chelone- Turtlehead
- Lobelia siphilitica- Blue Lobelia
- Phlox divaricata- Woodland Phlox
- Phlox stolonifera- Creeping phlox
- Iris cristata- Dwarf Crested Iris
- Geranium maculatum- geranium
- Asarum canadense- wild ginger
- Amsonia tabernaemontana- Bluestar flower
- Tiarella cordifolia- Foam Flower
- Tradescantia virginiana 'Sweet Kate'
- Polemonium reptans- Jacob's Ladder
- Heuchera americana and villosa- Coral bells



Shrubs for Rain Gardens: Shade

- Hydrangea quercifolia- Oakleaf hydrangea
- Itea virginica- 'Little Henry' sweetspire
- Hydrangea arborescens- Annabelle hydrangea
- Callicarpa americana- Beauty berry
- Ilex verticillata- Winterberry
- Ilex glabra- Inkberry holly
- Clethera alnifolia- Clethera or buttonbush

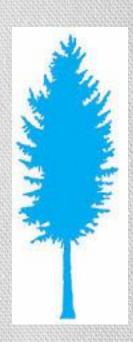


Shrubs for Rain Gardens: Sun

- Hydrangea quercifolia- Oakleaf hydrangea
- Itea virginica- 'Little Henry' sweetspire
- Hydrangea arborescens- Annabelle hydrangea
- Callicarpa americana- Beauty berry
- Ilex verticillata- Winterberry
- Ilex glabra- Inkberry holly
- Viburnum acerifolium- Maple leafed viburnum
- Vaccinium corymbosum- Highbush blueberry
- Clethera alnifolia- Clethera or buttonbush
- Calycanthus- sweet shrub or allspice 'Hartlage Wine'



Trees for Rain Gardens



- Ilex opaca- American Holly
- Cercis canadensis- Redbud
- Cornus florida- Dogwood
- Betula nigra- River Birch
- Acer rubrum- Red Maple
- Sweetbay Magnolia Magnolia virginiana

















Materials Sources

Native Plant Sales

Fundraisers organized by LGS:

To Benefit Friends of the Patapsco Female Institute- April 27th 10am-2pm PFI Picnic In the Park

Robinson Nature Center April 5th, 12-4:30

To benefit the Patapsco Heritage Greenway 363 Stonewall Rd, Catonsville **May 10**th **7am-12pm**

Sun Nursery
Herring Run Nursery
Putnam Hill Nursery
Veteran Compost
Clarks Ace Hardware- stone, mulch, compost, tools
Kendall Hardware-stone, mulch, compost, tools

Local Rain Garden Efforts

In Howard County- the county started offering reimbursements and credits for rain garden installations in 2013

Residents get $\frac{1}{2}$ the cost of a rain garden installation reimbursed from the County, up to \$1200. There is also a reduced rate on your yearly storm managements fees.

Visit Howard County's Green Central Station page and click on Clean Water to get info on rain gardens, reimbursements and

Howard County Conservancy-Belmont Location May 18th

Come out to see a class on Rain Gardens and then a demo rain garden installation, the Conservancy will offer incentives to 3 residents in attendance to hire Lauren's Garden Service to install rain gardens at their home

In Columbia- Slow the Flow- John McCoy -Columbia Association installs rain gardens for resident at a discounted price.

Many local Counties offer information, reimbursements and credits for Rain Gardens:

Howard County

Anne Arundel County

Prince George's County

Montgomery County

Baltimore County

For More Information

Check out our Rain Garden page at laurensgardenservice.com

Check out our blog posts or find us on Facebook

Give us your email address and will email you our Guide to Rain Gardens in Howard County MD